#### Abstract:

This presentation describes how the NASA Glenn Research Center planned and implemented a process improvement effort in response to a radically changing environment. As a result of a presidential decision to redefine the Agency's mission, many ongoing projects were canceled and future workload would be awarded based on relevance to the Exploration Initiative. NASA imposed a new Procedural Requirements standard on all future software development, and the Center needed to redesign its processes from CMM Level 2 objectives to meet the new standard and position itself for CMMI.

The intended audience for this presentation is systems/software developers and managers in a large, research-oriented organization that may need to respond to imposed standards while also pursuing CMMI Maturity Level goals. A set of internally developed tools will be presented, including an overall Process Improvement Action Item database, a formal inspection/peer review tool, metrics collection spreadsheet, and other related technologies.

The Center also found a need to charter Technical Working Groups (TWGs) to address particular Process Areas. In addition, a Marketing TWG was needed to communicate the process changes to the development community, including an innovative web site portal.



## Radically Changing Organization Process Improvement in a

Software Engineering Process Group NASA Glenn Research Center

SEPG 07 Conference March 26–29, 2007





# About NASA Glenn Research Center

- Comprises over 150 buildings containing a unique collection of world-class test facilities
- Lewis Field, 350-acre main campus is adjacent to Cleveland Hopkins International Airport
- Sandusky, Ohio, 50 miles west of Cleveland - Plum Brook Station, 6400-acre site is near
- Staffed by ~3300 people, including civil service employees and support service contractors
- >50% are scientists and engineers
- Other staff consists of technical specialists, skilled workers, and administrative staff
- Performs world-class research in aeronautics, space power and propulsion, and microgravity science



### Introduction

- NASA Glenn Research Center (GRC) implemented a CMM-based process improvement effort in 2002
- A Presidential Directive redefined NASA's mission in January 2004
- Many ongoing projects were canceled
- relevance to the Vision for Space Exploration Future projects would be awarded based on
- Research Center SEPG responded to better position This presentation outlines how the NASA Glenn the Center for new work



### Background

- Agency-wide Software Engineering Initiative began in 2000
- NASA GRC formed local SEPG in 2002
- Flight Software Engineering Branch assessed at CMM Level 2 in December 2004
- Branch consisted of 15 software developers
- Projects were mostly flight and ground software for space shuttle science experiments
- Goals at that time were
- Improve software development capability
- Move towards CMM Level 3, and possibly into CMMI
- Share processes and practices throughout the Center
- Maintain and reinforce collaboration across NASA



### A Change in Focus

- President Bush announces Vision for Space Exploration in January 2004
- Develop new launch vehicles to return to the Moon and eventually go to Mars
- Columbia Accident Investigation Board (CAIB) report
- Renewed emphasis on quality and safety
- NASA funds redirected towards new Exploration projects - Emphasis on inter-Center collaboration
- Address recent mission failures attributed to software New NASA requirements for software development



### The Strategy

- Refocus software process improvement on new NASA Procedural Requirements for Software Engineering
- Incorporate the requirements into GRC processes
- Address CMMI practices where practical
- Update Center-Level Procedure for Software Development
- Local procedure to encapsulate new requirements
- Build supporting elements
- Organizational processes, templates, and training
- Web Site/Process Asset Library (PAL)
- Coaching from SEPG members
- Complete incorporation of CMMI practices



### Our Motivation

- Desire to have a significant role in the development of software for the Exploration Initiative
- Improve our practices so we can develop mission critical software in a more predictable, reliable manner
- Improve our ability to add new people to the development team
- Reduce the stress on our developers if schedule and budget problems occur
- Respond to the newly mandated NASA Procedural Requirements for Software Engineering



# New NASA Software Requirements

- NASA Procedural Requirements for Software Engineering (NPR 7150)
- Agency-level document levying 129 requirements on projects containing software
- Based on CMMI, IEEE 12207, and MIL-STD-498
- Classifies software by its usage (manned space flight, robotic space flight, business applications, etc.)
- Requirements apply to projects based on classification
- engineering, software assurance, and software safety Mandates compliance with other NASA requirements and standards for project formulation, systems



## Summary of 7150 Requirements

- 129 total requirements
- 114 apply at project level
- Software Life Cycle Planning (14)
- Project Formulation (7)
- Acquisition & Supplier Monitoring (11)
- Software Life Cycle Execution (34)
- Documentation Requirements (18)
- Peer Reviews, Configuration Management, Metrics, Training, and Other (30)
- Projects required to maintain a compliance matrix



## 7150 Requirements Example

3.1.1.4 The project shall perform, document, and maintain bidirectional traceability between the software requirement and the higher level requirement. [SWE-052] Note: The project should identify any orphaned or widowed requirements (no parent or no child) associated with reused software.



### Implementation (1)

- Performed gap assessment of existing processes to NPR
- Chartered Technical Working Groups (TWG) to tackle specific areas
- Existing TWGs based on CMM L2 KPAs (e.g., CM, RM)
  - Created new TWGs to better match CMMI (e.g., PMC)
- Created Compliance TWG to allocate NPR requirements to TWGs
- TWGs updated software processes to be compliant with allocated requirements
- Updated the process for developing processes
- Involved process improvement consultant throughout mplementation



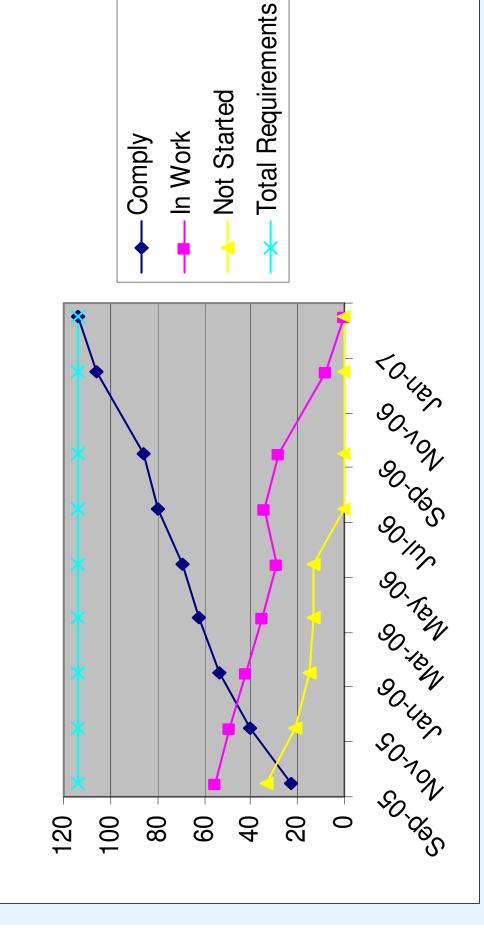
### Implementation (2)

- TWGs worked to achieve compliance with requirements
- Reviewed and modified or created new processes
- Created templates for software products
- Developed training for each process
- Peer-reviewed processes, templates, and training
- Technical writer provided consistency across TWGs
- SEPG and MSG provided final review before release
- Completed processes, templates, and training released to internal Web Site and NASA PAL
- Center-Level Procedure for Software Development updated and released for Center-wide review



### The Results

## **Progress Towards Compliance**





### **Tools** (1)

- MS Access database to help track 7150 compliance
- Contains one record for each 7150 requirement
- For each requirement, allows for
- Assignment to a TWG
- Assignment and tracking of action items to individuals
- Tracking compliance status
- Entry of additional comments and issues
- Relationship indication to CMMI ML2
- Location of compliance
- Allows for various reports to be generated



# Requirements Database Screen Shot



### **Tools** (2)

- InSpec
- Web-based formal inspection tool based on Fagan process
- Plan inspections
- Notify participants by e-mail
- Enter defects into online inspection logs
- Collect and collate inspection logs
- Track defects and open items to closure
- Collect metrics
- Developed in collaboration with the NASA IV&V Facility



## InSpec Screen Shot



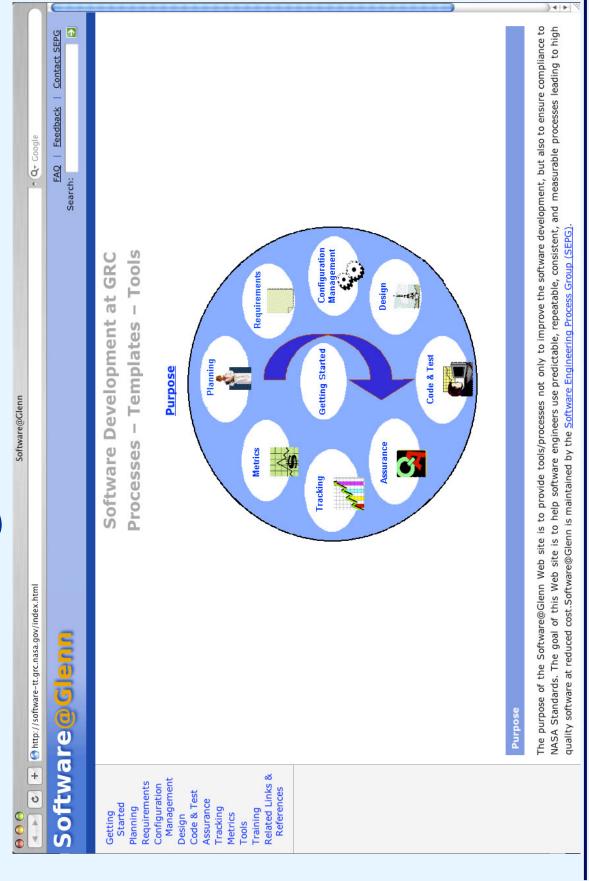


## Getting the Word Out

- Created a Marketing TWG
- Published a tri-fold brochure to highlight NPR 7150, Center-Level Procedure, and supporting elements available from the SEPG
- Released a newly designed "Software@Glenn" Web site as our PAL
- Planned a "Software Fair" to spread the word about SEPG software products and services across GRC
- Conducted training on new processes as they were released
- Offered coaching to assist new projects in using our assets



## Software@Glenn Screen Shot



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## Other SEPG Products

#### **Processes**

- Center-Level Procedure
- Project Planning
- Project Monitoring and Control
- Requirements Development
- Requirements Management
- Configuration Management
- Managing Software Process and Product Measurement
- Performing Software Process and Product Measurement
- Software Acquisition Statement of Work Guidelines
- Transition of Software to a Higher Classification

#### **Templates**

- Software Management Plan
- Software Maintenance Plan
- Software Users Manual
- Software Version Description Document
- Requirements Traceability Matrix
  - Software Requirements Specification
- Software Test Plan
- Software Test Procedure
- Software Test Report
- Software Configuration Management Plan
- Software Metrics Report
- Software Data Dictionary
- Interface Design Document
  - Software Change Request
- Software Design Document



### What Went Right

- Use of 7150 database gave us an extremely versatile tool for tracking and reporting
- Use of process improvement consultant provided us with a broad background of experience in process improvement
- Use of configuration management tool for processes and products helped manage multiple simultaneous changes
- commitment from dedicated SEPG team sustained effort Use of local Subject Matter Experts (SME) and



## Obstacles to Success

- Lack of evidence for SCAMPI appraisals
- Existing mature pilot projects were canceled
- New projects have not had sufficient time to fully use processes
- Transition from CMM to CMMI was confusing
- Processes and TWGs had name changes
- Difficult to relate between "legacy" and "new" processes
- Difficulty in getting broad participation from software developers across the Center
- Limited funding and turnover of personnel



### Next Steps

- Identify new software projects and assist in the use of processes, templates, and tools
- Collect metrics and feedback on use of processes, templates, and tools
- Perform gap analysis of our processes and practices against CMMI ML2
- Update processes to meet CMMI ML2
- Engineering Branch against CMMI ML2 in late 2007 Perform pre-assessment of Flight Software
- Assist GRC Engineering Process Group in becoming compliant with the new NPR 7123 Systems **Engineering Requirements**



## Lessons Learned (1)

- Utilize the processes and tools you create and recommend
- Much easier to get projects to follow your lead
- An excellent opportunity for improving your own processes
- Helps with organizing and streamlining activities
- Make extensive use of peer reviews and inspections
- Great communication tool
- Means of including expertise external to the SEPG
- Common repository for document changes, status, and metrics



## Lessons Learned (2)

- Share products and processes
- Collaboration with other organizations leverages work
- Use process improvement consultant
- Regularly scheduled week-long visits focus efforts
- Provides SEPG with outside perspective
- A source of "on-the-spot" training
- Helps maintain alignment with CMMI
- Provides another pair of hands and eyes



## Contact Information

Denise Varga, SEPG Lead Denise.M.Varga@nasa.gov

216-433-5190

0 Mail Stop 142-1

Barbara Wilson, Marketing and CM Lead

Barbara.J.Wilson@nasa.gov

216-433-8629

Mail Stop 142-1

SEPG Email

grc-sepg-lead@lists.nasa.gov

NASA Glenn Research Center 21000 Brookpark Road Cleveland, Ohio 44135